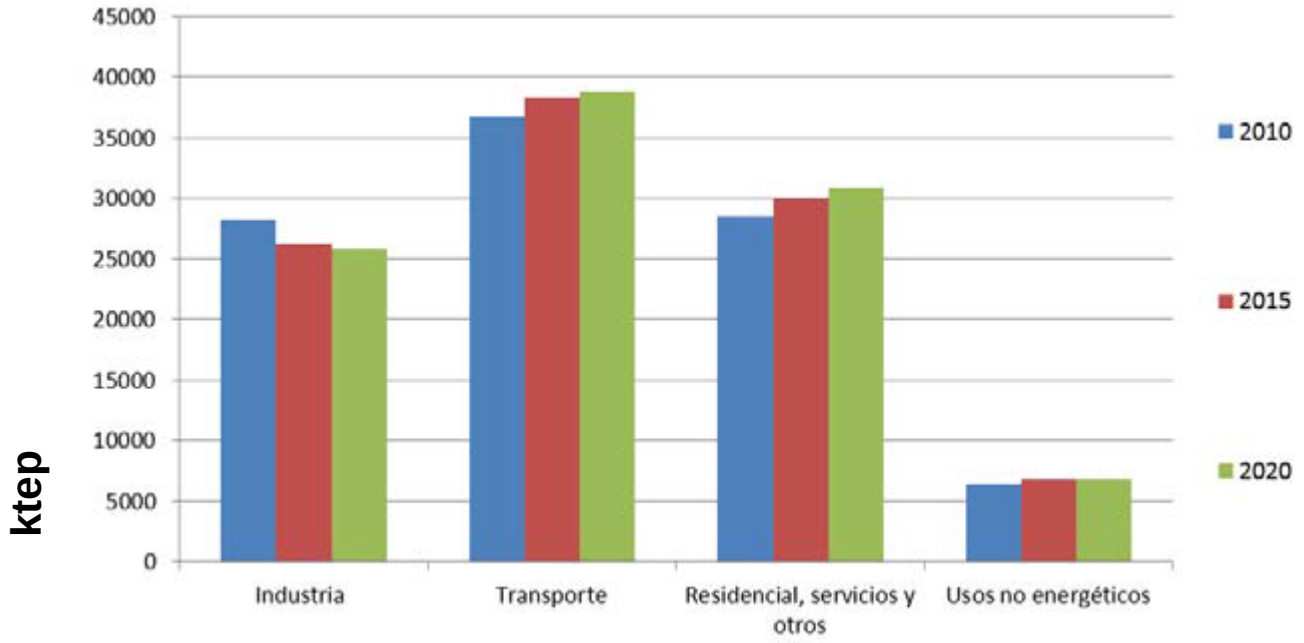
# Dirección de Medio Ambiente y Cambio Climático

## Estudio de la aplicación del RD235/2013 a nivel estatal y Directiva 2010/31/UE a nivel Europeo

Medio ambiente

# La Eficiencia Energética en la Edificación

Planificación energética indicativa según lo dispuesto en la Ley 2/2011, de 4 de marzo, de Economía Sostenible:



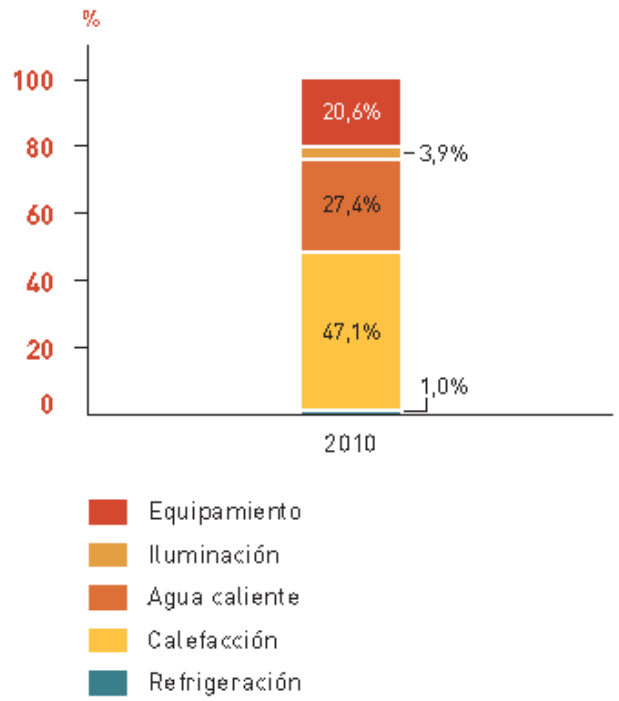

El **40 %** del consumo total de energía en la Unión corresponde a los **Edificios**.
Sector en fase de **expansión** → Aumentará el consumo de energía.

- Reducción consumo energía y uso Renovables
- Reducción dependencia energética
- Reducción Emisiones GEI

# La Eficiencia Energética en la Edificación

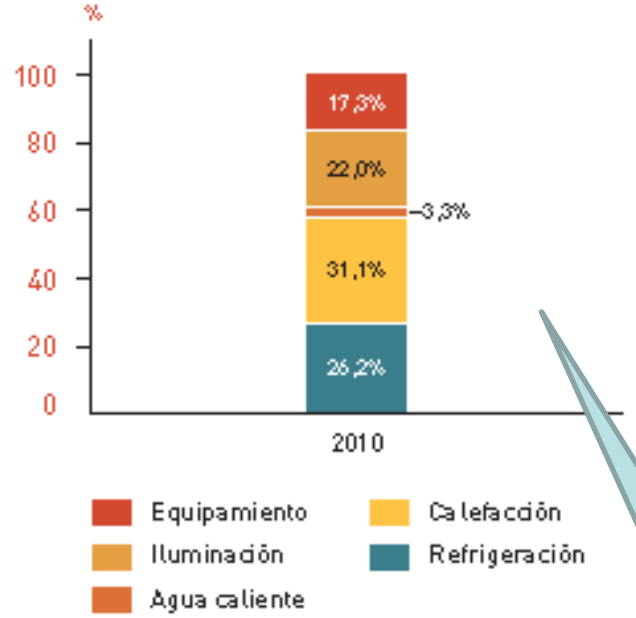
## Plan de Ahorro y Eficiencia Energética 2011-2020

Gráfico 9.5. Distribución del consumo energía final sector *Edificios doméstico* (2010)




Fuente: IDAE

Gráfico 9.6. Distribución del consumo energía final sector *Edificios servicios* (2010)




Fuente: IDAE

**los edificios de uso administrativo representan un 50% del consumo de energía del sector terciario**

Las **instalaciones térmicas de la vivienda** (calefacción y ACS -Agua Caliente Sanitaria-) representan casi tres cuartas partes del consumo energético del sector.

# Introducción
## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD 235/2013

- Publicado el 5 de abril de 2013
- Deroga el RD 47/2007 (nueva construcción)
- Cumple con la Directiva 2010/31/CE del Parlamento Europeo, relativa a la eficiencia energética de los edificios:
  - Aplicarán una metodología de cálculo de la eficiencia energética de los edificios
  - Pondrán a disposición del comprador o inquilino, un certificado de eficiencia energética para edificios nuevos y existentes.
  - Establece los objetivos de edificios de consumo casi nulo

**Qué es un edificio de consumo casi nulo?**
aquel cuyo nivel de eficiencia energética es muy alto y se determinará de acuerdo a la **Directiva Europea 2010/31/UE**.
La casi nula o muy baja energía demandada, procederá de **fuentes renovables**, **producida in situ o bien en el entorno**

# Marco Legal para una edificación energéticamente Sostenible en España

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD 235/2013

Directiva EPBD 2010/31/CE, Energy Performance of Buildings Directive

**RD235/2013**
- Definición metodología

**CTE-DB-HE Ahorro de energía**
- Limitación Demanda:
- Uso residencial: 40 kWh/m$^2$ a 70 kWh/m$^2$ (otros usos: Clase B)

**Certificación Energética**
- Escala certificación
- Opción simplificada nueva construcción

**RITE**
- Inspección Sistemas

# Procedimiento opciones de cálculo

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD 235/2013

| | | Certificación energética de edificios |
|---|---|---|
| Edificios nuevos | Vivienda | CALENER VyP<br>CE2<br>CERMA |
| | Otros usos | CALENER VyP<br>CALENER GT |
| Edificios existentes | Vivienda | CALENER VyP<br>CE3<br>CE3X<br>CERMA |
| | Otros usos | CALENER VyP<br>CALENER GT<br>CE3<br>CE3X |

http://www.minetur.gob.es/energia/desarrollo/EficienciaEnergetica/CertificacionEnergetica/DocumentosReconocidos/Documents/20140313_Nota_Informativa_Procedimiento_transitorio_Certificacion.pdf

# Objetivos
## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD 235/2013

- ❑Fomentar la construcción de edificios de alta eficiencia energética
- ❑Establecer la metodología de cálculo de la calificación de eficiencia energética de los edificios
- ❑Establecer el procedimiento de certificación energética
- ❑Establecer una distintivo común en todas las comunidades autónoma: **Etiqueta de eficiencia energética**
- ❑Informar a los usuarios sobre las características energéticas de los edificios que **permita valorar y comparar sus presentaciones**

Potente herramienta de mercado para crear Demanda de Eficiencia Energética en Edificios

# Ámbito de aplicación (art. 2)

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD 235/2013

Artículo 2. *Ámbito de aplicación*.

1. Este Procedimiento básico será de aplicación a:

a) Edificios de nueva construcción.
b) Edificios o partes de edificios existentes que se vendan o alquilen a un nuevo arrendatario, siempre que no dispongan de un certificado en vigor.
c) Edificios o partes de edificios en los que una autoridad pública ocupe una superficie útil total superior a 250 $m^2$ y que sean frecuentados habitualmente por el público.

2. Se excluyen del ámbito de aplicación:

a) Edificios y monumentos protegidos oficialmente por ser parte de un entorno declarado o en razón de su particular valor arquitectónico o histórico.
b) Edificios o partes de edificios utilizados exclusivamente como lugares de culto y para actividades religiosas.
c) Construcciones provisionales con un plazo previsto de utilización igual o inferior a dos años.

d) Edificios industriales, de la defensa y agrícolas o partes de los mismos, en la parte destinada a talleres, procesos industriales, de la defensa y agrícolas no residenciales.
e) Edificios o partes de edificios aislados con una superficie útil total inferior a 50 $m^2$.
f) Edificios que se compren para reformas importantes o demolición.
g) Edificios o partes de edificios existentes de viviendas, cuyo uso sea inferior a cuatro meses al año, o bien durante un tiempo limitado al año y con un consumo previsto de energía inferior al 25 por ciento de lo que resultaría de su utilización durante todo el año, siempre que así conste mediante declaración responsable del propietario de la vivienda.

# Certificados expedidos

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD235/2013

Según datos publicados por el MINETUR, 1 de junio 2014, los certificados energéticos expedidos por Comunidad Autónoma se distribuyen de la siguiente manera:

**Certificados Edificios Nuevos**

- **14.140**

**Certificados Edificios Existentes**

- **645.359**

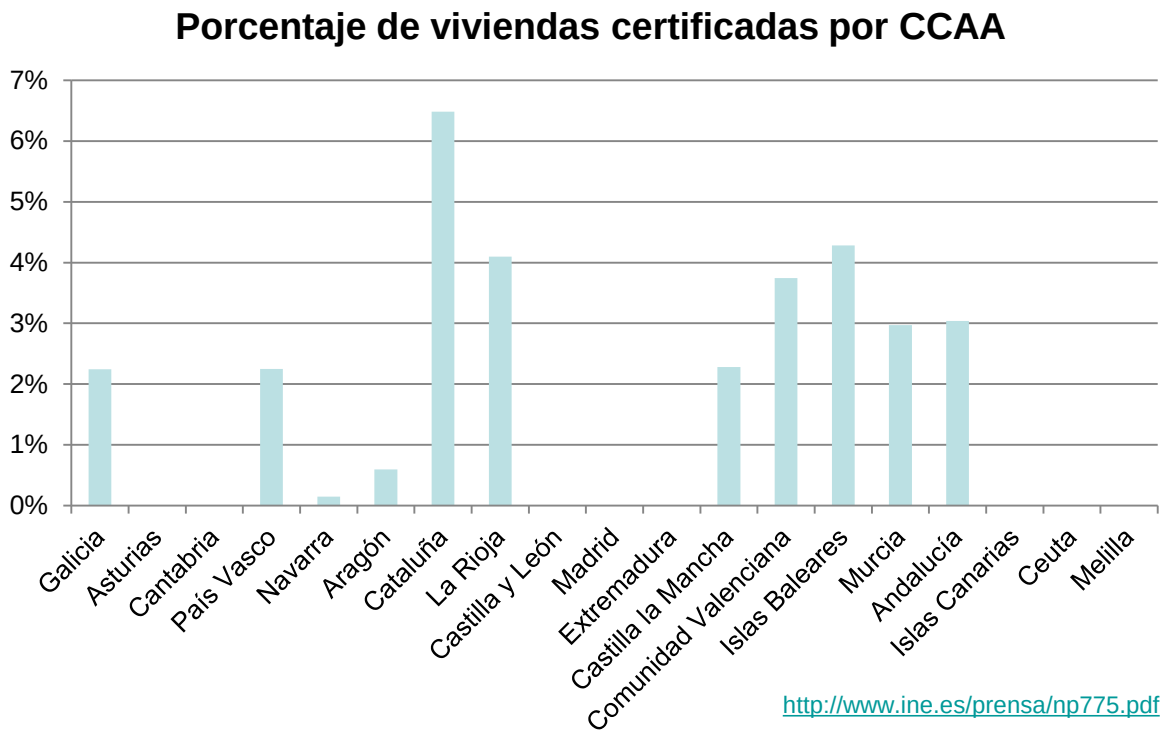
| | Fechas de actualización | Nuevos | Existentes |
|---|---|---|---|
| ANDALUCIA | 31/03/2014 | 609 | 88.308 |
| ARAGÓN | 07/04/2014 | - | 32 |
| ASTURIAS | 01/04/2014 | 17 | 3.993 |
| BALEARES | 23/04/2014 | 188 | 18.017 |
| CANARIAS | 11/11/2013 | 181 | 32.172 |
| CATALUÑA | 01/04/2014 | 5.530 | 195.089 |
| C LEON | 24/04/2014 | 72 | 27.700 |
| C MANCHA | 31/03/2014 | 17 | 10.507 |
| EXTREMADURA | 17/01/2014 | 3.015 | 1.072 |
| GALICIA | 31/03/2014 | 65 | 399 |
| MURCIA | 10/04/2014 | 154 | 16.233 |
| NAVARRA | 31/12/2013 | 747 | 5.926 |
| PAIS VASCO | 27/05/2014 | 125 | 17.085 |
| RIOJA | 31/03/2014 | 283 | 5.388 |
| VALENCIA | 03/04/2014 | 2.951 | 128.888 |
| MADRID | 01/04/2014 | 176 | 91.368 |
| CANTABRIA | 08/05/2014 | 10 | 3.182 |
| TOTAL | | 14.140 | 645.359 |

http://www.minetur.gob.es/energia/desarrollo/EficienciaEnergetica/CertificacionEnergetica/Documentos/Documentos%20informativos/Informe_de_seguimiento_CERTIFICACIÓN_ENERGÉTICA_Junio_2014.pdf

# Certificaciones Energéticas de **Edificios Existentes**

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD235/2013

Comparando los datos obtenidos por Comunidades Autónomas con el censo de viviendas, obtenemos el porcentaje de viviendas certificadas por Comunidad:

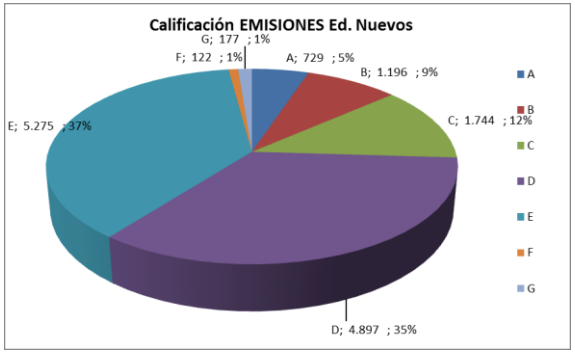



http://www.ine.es/prensa/np775.pdf

# Calificación en Emisiones de **Nuevas Edificaciones**

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD235/2013

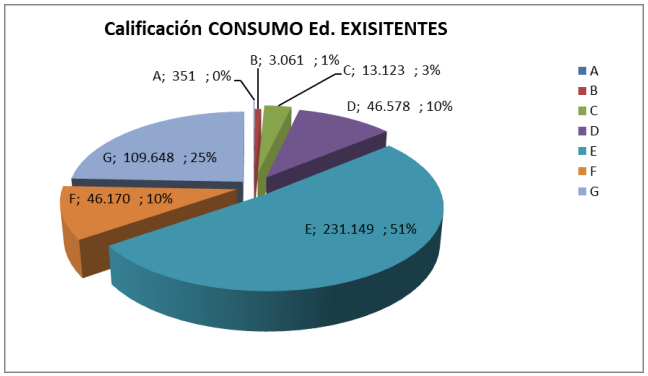
| Comunidad | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Andalucía | 15 | 43 | 122 | 337 | 73 | 8 | 11 |
| Aragón | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Asturias | 0 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Baleares | 1 | 4 | 6 | 28 | 63 | 31 | 55 |
| Canarias | 1 | 4 | 12 | 42 | 55 | 16 | 51 |
| Cataluña | 526 | 823 | 988 | 1903 | 1290 | 0 | 0 |
| C Leon | 20 | 9 | 13 | 18 | 11 | 1 | 0 |
| C Mancha | 2 | 3 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Extremadura | 24 | 87 | 211 | 560 | 2133 | 0 | 0 |
| Galicia | 12 | 13 | 10 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| Murcia | 0 | 1 | 4 | 26 | 77 | 25 | 21 |
| Navarra | 114 | 140 | 137 | 179 | 136 | 20 | 21 |
| Pais Vasco | 3 | 7 | 50 | 57 | 7 | 1 | 0 |
| Rioja | 1 | 10 | 29 | 93 | 120 | 16 | 14 |
| Valencia | 8 | 11 | 69 | 1598 | 1265 | 0 | 0 |
| Madrid | 2 | 37 | 79 | 36 | 18 | 0 | 4 |
| Cantabria | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| **Total** | **729** | **1.196** | **1.744** | **4.897** | **5.275** | **122** | **177** |

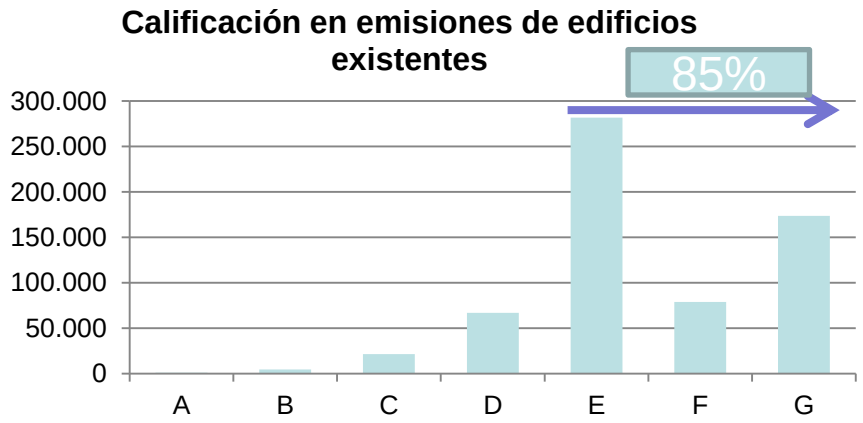


# Calificación en Emisiones de **Edificios Existentes**

## Certificación Energética de los Edificios, RD235/2013

| Comunidad | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Andalucia | 98 | 525 | 2481 | 7484 | 41222 | 12345 | 24153 |
| Aragón | 0 | 0 | 2 | 8 | 17 | 3 | 2 |
| Astuarias | 7 | 30 | 164 | 647 | 1695 | 466 | 984 |
| Baleares | 36 | 119 | 507 | 1414 | 6412 | 2216 | 7313 |
| Canarias | 70 | 294 | 957 | 966 | 2999 | 2979 | 23907 |
| Cataluña | 280 | 1366 | 8123 | 22892 | 86985 | 26259 | 49184 |
| C Leon | 205 | 202 | 1738 | 5542 | 13903 | 2405 | 3705 |
| C Mancha | 17 | 35 | 295 | 1812 | 5487 | 1043 | 1818 |
| Extremadura | 0 | 4 | 50 | 121 | 565 | 151 | 181 |
| Galicia | 1 | 4 | 19 | 43 | 161 | 48 | 123 |
| Murcia | 8 | 21 | 273 | 828 | 6726 | 2727 | 5650 |
| Navarra | 14 | 68 | 418 | 1424 | 2526 | 660 | 816 |
| Pais Vasco | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Rioja | 15 | 32 | 259 | 1040 | 3254 | 398 | 390 |
| Valencia | 54 | 1190 | 2131 | 8270 | 61813 | 16262 | 39168 |
| Madrid | 155 | 675 | 3942 | 13702 | 46306 | 10729 | 15859 |
| Cantabria | 19 | 11 | 148 | 564 | 1493 | 365 | 472 |
| **Total** | **979** | **4.576** | **21.507** | **66.757** | **281.564** | **79.056** | **173.725** |



# Certificación Energética a nivel Europeo

## Características de los certificados expedidos por país

En Octubre 2014 se publicó un informe por el *Buildings Performance Institute Europe* (BPIE) que compara a los distintos países de la Unión Europea en materia de Certificación Energética. De este estudio se han extraído datos para hacer la comparativa entre España y el resto de países de la Unión Europea.

http://bpie.eu/uploads/lib/document/attachment/81/BPIE_Energy_Performance_Certificates_EU_mapping_-_2014.pdf

# Certificación Energética a nivel Europeo

## Características de los certificados expedidos por país

**Annex I Minimum requirements for qualified and / or accredited experts (physical person).**

| | | MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS (I.E. RELEVANT DEGREE, PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE) | TRAINING | MANDATORY EXAM | CONTINUES PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT | ACCREDITATION PROCEDURE |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | AT | Required technical education or relevant training | Voluntary training | No | | No additional accreditation required[1] |
| 2 | BE | Required engineering degree or professional experience of at least two years: Wallonia & Flanders<br>No minimum requirements: Brussels | Mandatory or voluntary training | Yes | Flanders and Wallonia: support for assessors (i.e. FAQ, phone line) | Accreditation based on exam results; In Wallonia proof of insurance is required. |
| 3 | BG | Required technical education and the professional experience of 2-3 years | Mandatory training | Yes | Every three years assessor needs to pass the exam to renew the license | Accreditation based on exam results; |
| 4 | CZ | The professional experience of 3-6 years depending on the level of education | Voluntary training [4] | Yes | Mandatory training every three years after the license is issued | Accreditation based on exam results; |
| 5 | DE | Required technical education or relevant training [1] and at least two years of professional experience | Mandatory training (if no engineering degree) | Yes (if no engineering degree) | | Not in place (self-declaration of experts) |
| 6 | DK | Required engineering degree and the professional experience of at least 2-6 years [1] | Voluntary training | No | | Required, only companies that follow EN ISO 9001 standards can be accredited |
| 7 | EE | Required engineering degree and the professional experience of at least two years | Mandatory training | Yes | | Accreditation based on exam results; |
| 8 | ES | Required engineering degree (i.e. architect, engineer) | Voluntary training | No | | Not required |
| 9 | FR | At least two years of initial educations in the relevant field | Mandatory training | Yes | Every five years assessor needs to attend the 3-days mandatory training to renew the license | Accreditation based on exam results; |
| 10 | GR | Required engineering degree (i.e. architect, engineer) and the professional experience of at least two years | Mandatory training | Yes | Every ten years assessor needs to renew the license with the proof of experience | Accreditation based on exam results or directly through professional association. |
| 11 | HR | Required engineering degree and/or professional | Mandatory | | every; three years assessor's licence needs to be renewed based on | Accreditation based on exam |
| 14 | IT | Required technical education or relevant training | Mandatory and voluntary training [2] | Yes [2] | | Rules depend on the region |
| 15 | LV | Required technical training and at least two years of professional experience; | Voluntary training | Yes | | Accreditation based on exam results |
| 16 | LT | Required engineering degree and the professional experience of at least three years | Mandatory training | Yes | Every five years assessor needs to pass the exam to renew the license | Accreditation based on exam results |
| 17 | NL | No minimum requirements | Voluntary training | Yes | | Accreditation based on exam results |
| 18 | NO | Required bachelor degree and (in some cases) at least two years of relevant professional experience[1]; | Voluntary training | No | | Accreditation required only for some assessment |
| 19 | PL | Required engineering degree and/or relevant training | Voluntary training | No | | Accreditation after approval of the competence |
| 20 | PT | Required architect or engineering degree and the professional experience of at least five years | Voluntary training | Yes | | Accreditation based on exam results |
| 21 | RO | Required engineering degree and the professional experience of at least three years | Mandatory training | Yes | Every five years assessor needs to renew the license (i.e. proof of experience) | Accreditation based on exam results; |
| 22 | SK | Required engineering degree and the professional experience of at least three years | Voluntary training | Yes | | Accreditation based on exam results |
| 23 | SI | Required engineering degree and/or at least two years of professional experience | Mandatory training | Yes | | Accreditation based on exam results |
| 24 | SE | Required technical education and professional experience of at least five years | Voluntary training | Yes | Every five years assessor needs to pass the exam to renew the license | Required, after approval of the competence |
| 25 | UK | No minimum requirements | Mandatory training [2] [3] except for Scotland | Yes [2] | England and Wales: min. 5-10h of CPD per year; Scotland: periodic training | Accreditation procedure depends on the region |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | ES | Required engineering degree (i.e. architect, engineer) | Voluntary training | No | | Not required |

En algunos países se requiere que los certificadores realicen un entrenamiento y un posterior examen antes de ser capaces de certificar ningún edificio.

A parte del examen, también hay países donde la formación constante es requerida. En España no se aplica ninguno de estos requisitos.

# Certificación Energética a nivel Europeo

## Características de los certificados expedidos por país

### Annex II Quality control systems across Europe.

| | STATUS | | LEVEL | ORGANISATION/AGENCY IN CHARGE | QUALITY CHECK IN CALCULATION SOFTWARE | USE OF EPC DATABASE FOR INDEPENDENT QUALITY CHECK | METHOD OF QUALITY CONTROL |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | AT | Yes | Regional | Regional governmental body | Yes | Yes, in some regions | Depends on region; Desk audit for a certain percentage of EPC and all subsidised buildings: results and input data; on-site control for a limited number of EPCs; Central EPC database is to be used for the quality control system |
| 2 | BE | Yes | Regional | Governmental body (in the Flemish and Walloon Regions) or third party body (only in Brussels Region) | Yes, in some regions | Yes, in some regions | Depends on region; Desk audit of c.a. 1% of EPC issued: input data, results and recommendations; on-site visit for a limited number of EPCs |
| 3 | BG | Yes | Central | Governmental body | Yes | Yes | Desk audit of 100% of EPC issued: input and the results; on site visits: 4% planed in 2013 |
| 4 | CZ | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Planned | Desk audit of 5-10% of EPC issued (random sampling): analysis of input data, results; in practice c.a. 1% of the EPCs is checked; all new built constructions are checked against project recommendations (via on-site visit); quality control system for existing buildings is currently being defined; |
| 5 | DE | Yes | Central / regional | Central/ regional governmental bodies | Yes, in some software | Yes | Desk audit of statistically significant sample of EPC ( random sampling) based on the information provided by qualified expert; Detailed check of the EPC is implemented at regional level; |
| 6 | DK | Yes | Central | Governmental body and accredited | | Yes | Desk audit of 5% of EPC (random sampling): input data and the results; a technical revision and re-certification for 0.5%; re-certification by a specially appointed expert for 0.25% of EPC issued |
| 7 | EE | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Yes | Desk audit of certain percentage of EPC (random sampling): input data and the results ; |
| 8 | EL | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Yes | Desk audit of 2% of EPC issued (random sampling): input data and the results; onsite visit only if considered necessary; the check are performed also: when the number of EPCs issued by an auditor is very high, when the energy class of existing buildings is B or higher; |
| 9 | ES | yes | Regional | Regional governmental bodies | | Yes, in some regions | Depends on the region |
| 10 | FR | Yes | Central | Third party body | | Yes | The certification body has to check at least 8 reports, representative of the expert's work, during the first three years of the qualified expert's activity (detailed desk audit); and at least one EPC with an on-site visit of the building for each certification cycle (5 years) of all experts |
| 11 | HR | Yes | Central | Third party body | | Planned | Desk audit of 3% of EPC issued (random sampling by building type): input data, the results, and if relevant site visit. |
| 12 | HU | Yes | Central | Professional association | Yes | Yes | Desk audit of 2% of EPC issued (random sampling): input data and the results; on-site visits for 0.5% of the EPC issue (only the building's exterior is examined). |
| 13 | IE | Yes | Central | Third party body | Yes | Yes | Automatic quality check in the EPC database; Detailed desk audit of 0.5% EPC issued: comprehensive documentation and practice audits |
| 16 | LT | Yes | Central | Governmental body | Yes | Yes | (random sampling); input data and results. on-site control for a limited number of EPCs; Detailed audit is 17performed when the results are out of range, the EPC has very high EP class, etc. |
| 17 | NL | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Yes | The control system is performed under the BRL9500 guideline and included the check of a certain number of EPCs issued by qualified assessors (detailed check of documentation, site visit). Check is performed for 2% EPC issued for residential and 5% for non-residential buildings per assessor. |
| 18 | PL | Yes | Central | Central government | | Planned | Some information will be checked automatically in EPC database, desk audits, onsite visits if necessary. |
| 19 | PT | Yes | Central | Governmental body | Yes | Yes | Desk check of c.a. 2% EPC issued (random sampling based on EBP database): input and results (no additional information form the expert is needed); full data check and onsite visit for selected EPCs: input data, results and recommendations |
| 20 | RO | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Yes | Desk audit of statistically significant sample of EPC issued (random sampling starting with EPCs issued in the national rehabilitation program): input data, results and recommendations; not yet performed |
| 21 | SK | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Yes | Desk audit of statistically significant sample of EPC issued (random sampling ): input data, results and recommendations |
| 22 | SI | Yes | Central | Governmental body | Yes | Planned | Desk audit of c.a.3% EPC issued: of EPC issued (random sampling ): input data, results and recommendations; detailed data protocol for quality control is under development; |
| 23 | SE | Yes | Central | Governmental body | | Yes | Automatic check of input and output data in the database, Detailed desk audit (Random checks; Checks for extreme values) of at least 1% EPC issued |
| 24 | UK | Yes | Regional | Third party body | Yes | Yes | Depends on region; Desk audit of 2% of EPC issued (random sampling): input data, results and recommendations. |

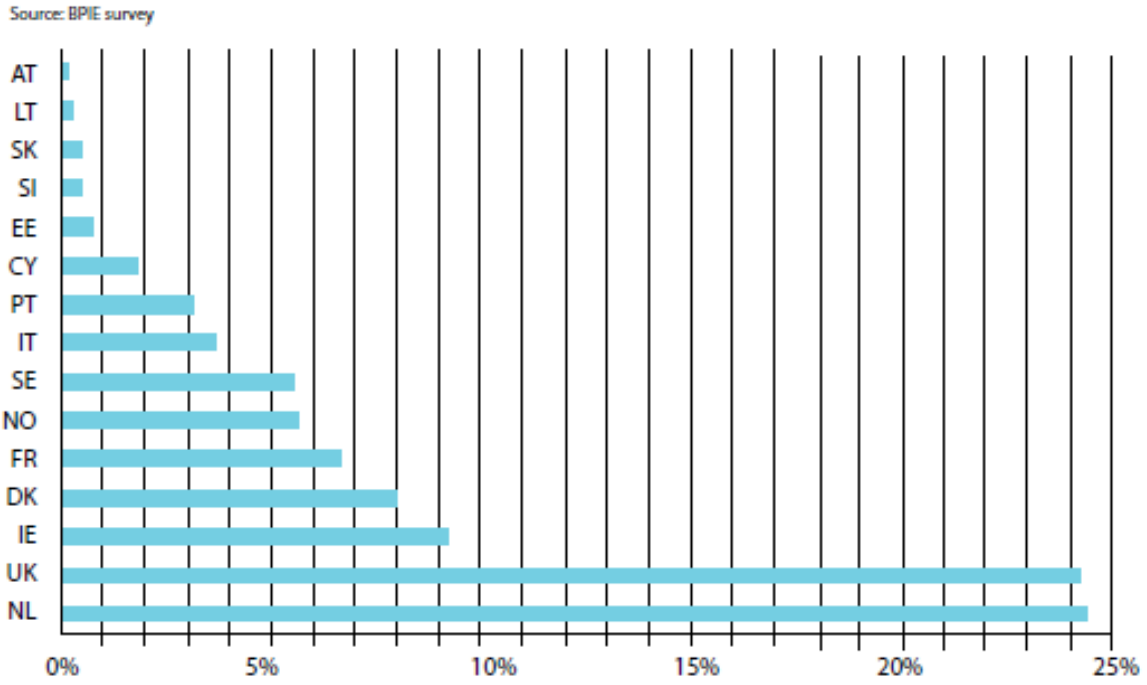
El control sobre las certificaciones se realiza o a nivel regional o a nivel estatal dependiendo del país.

| 9 | ES | yes | Regional | Regional governmental bodies | | Yes, in some regions | Depends on the region |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

# Certificación Energética a nivel Europeo

## Características de los certificados expedidos por país

Según un informe del BPIE (Building Performance Institute Europe) publicado en 2011, el porcentaje de viviendas certificadas por país en Europa era:

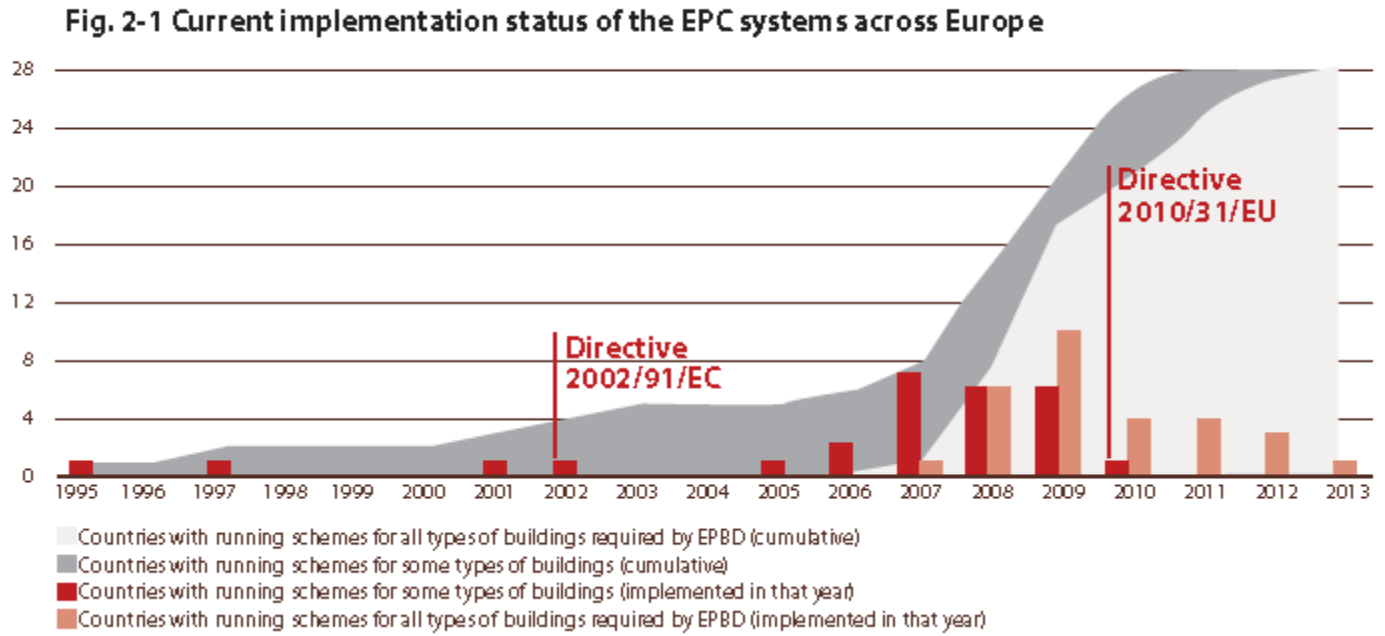



http://www.europeanclimate.org/documents/LR_%20CbC_study.pdf

# Certificación Energética a nivel Europeo

## Año de implantación del Certificado Energético

En países como Francia, UK, Irlanda, Bélgica, Austria, la aplicación se realizó con anterioridad

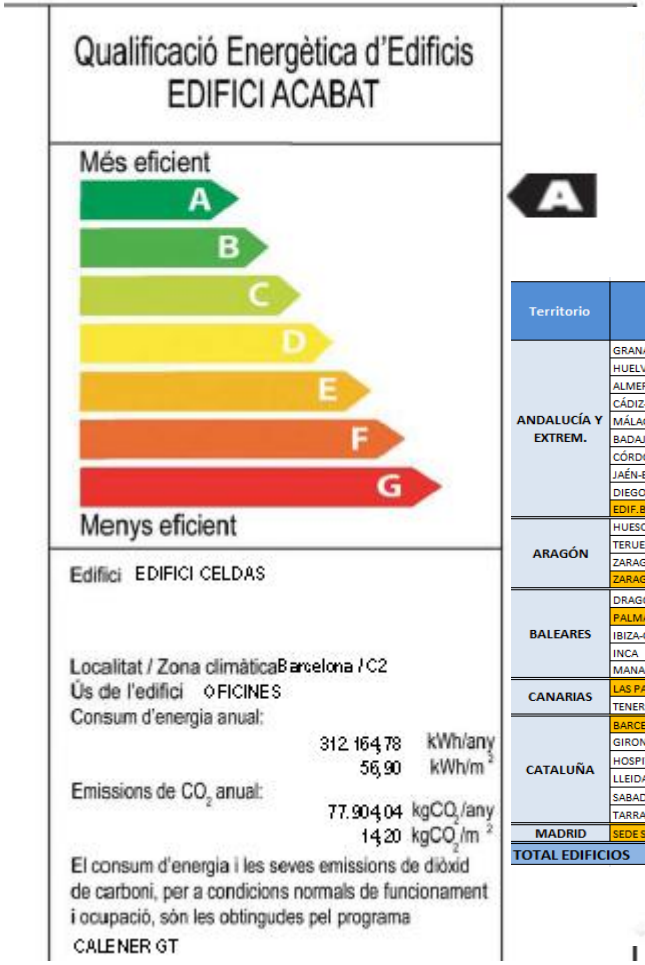


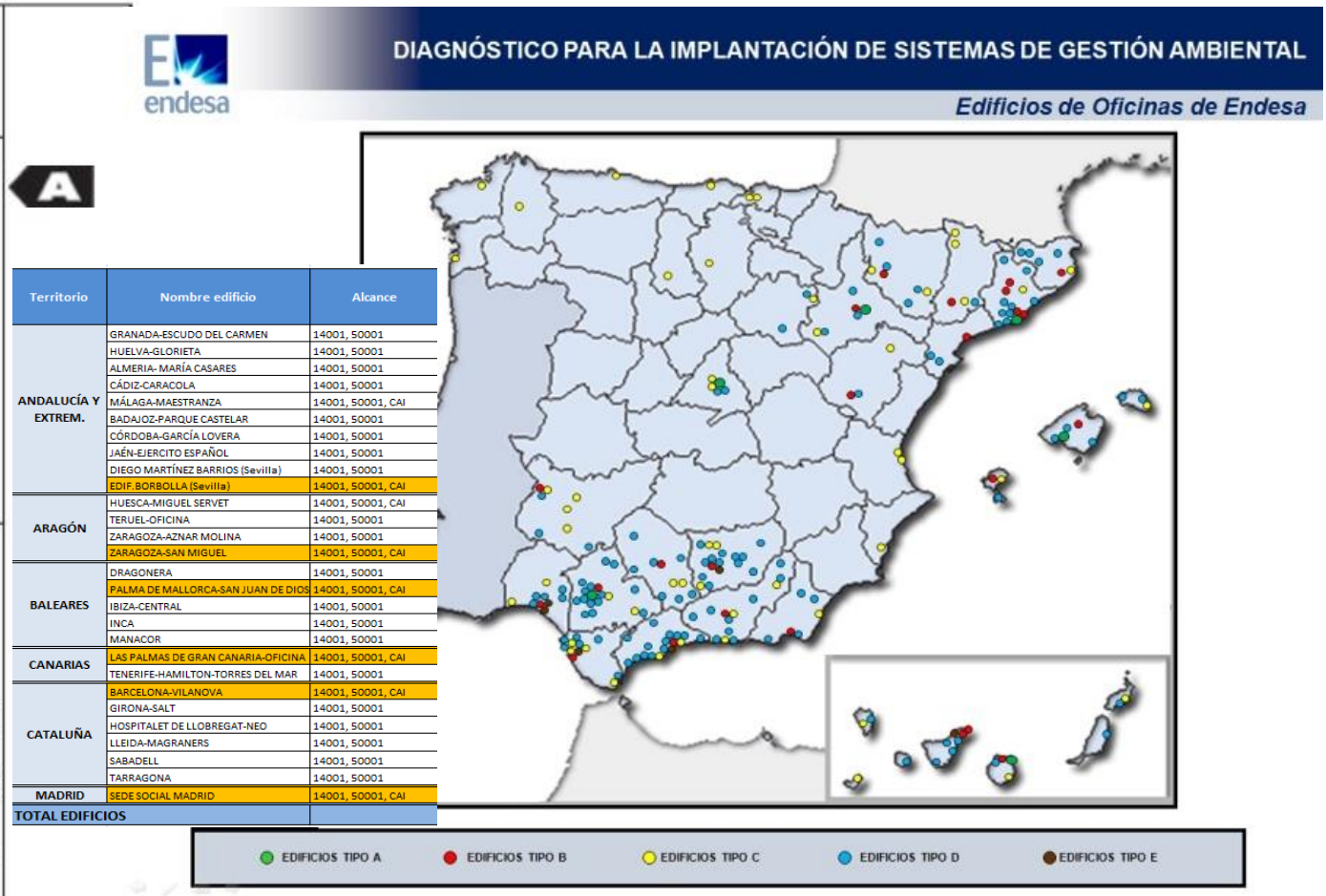



http://ec.europa.eu/energy/efficiency/buildings/doc/20130619-energy_performance_certificates_in_buildings.pdf

# Certificación Energética en las oficinas de ENDESA

## Certificación Energética de los edificios de oficina SIGAEC



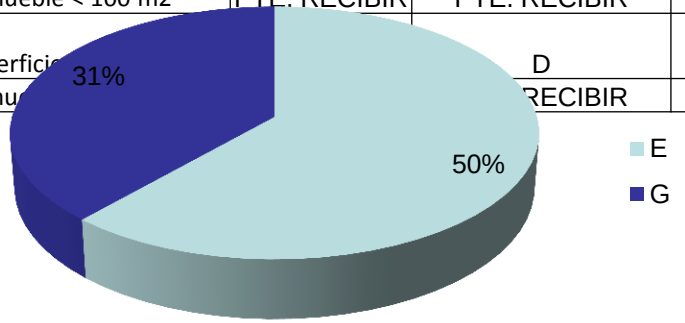




| Territorio | Nombre edificio | Alcance |
|---|---|---|
| ANDALUCÍA Y EXTREM. | GRANADA-ESCUDO DEL CARMEN | 14001, 50001 |
| | HUELVA-GLORIETA | 14001, 50001 |
| | ALMERIA- MARÍA CASARES | 14001, 50001 |
| | CÁDIZ-CARACOLA | 14001, 50001 |
| | MÁLAGA-MAESTRANZA | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| | BADAJOZ-PARQUE CASTELAR | 14001, 50001 |
| | CÓRDOBA-GARCÍA LOVERA | 14001, 50001 |
| | JAÉN-EJERCITO ESPAÑOL | 14001, 50001 |
| | DIEGO MARTÍNEZ BARRIOS (Sevilla) | 14001, 50001 |
| | EDIF.BORBOLLA (Sevilla) | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| ARAGÓN | HUESCA-MIGUEL SERVET | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| | TERUEL-OFICINA | 14001, 50001 |
| | ZARAGOZA-AZNAR MOLINA | 14001, 50001 |
| | ZARAGOZA-SAN MIGUEL | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| BALEARES | DRAGONERA | 14001, 50001 |
| | PALMA DE MALLORCA-SAN JUAN DE DIOS | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| | IBIZA-CENTRAL | 14001, 50001 |
| | INCA | 14001, 50001 |
| | MANACOR | 14001, 50001 |
| CANARIAS | LAS PALMAS DE GRAN CANARIA-OFICINA | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| | TENERIFE-HAMILTON-TORRES DEL MAR | 14001, 50001 |
| CATALUÑA | BARCELONA-VILANOVA | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| | GIRONA-SALT | 14001, 50001 |
| | HOSPITALET DE LLOBREGAT-NEO | 14001, 50001 |
| | LLEIDA-MAGRANERS | 14001, 50001 |
| | SABADELL | 14001, 50001 |
| | TARRAGONA | 14001, 50001 |
| MADRID | SEDE SOCIAL MADRID | 14001, 50001, CAI |
| TOTAL EDIFICIOS | | |

# Empresas certificadoras
## Certificados expedidos por ENDESA ENERGÍA

Muestreo de las certificaciones realizadas por ENDESA ENERGÍA:

| Núm# Solicitud | Provincia | CCAA | Tipo instalación | CERTIFICADO-Calificación Energetica | ETIQUETA-Consumo de energía | ETIQUETA-Emisiones |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 231225 | CADIZ | Andalucía | CEE - 100 m2 < Superficie Inmueble < 300 m2 | E | E | E |
| 234185 | CADIZ | Andalucía | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | F | F | F |
| 234054 | TERUEL | Aragón | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | E | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR |
| 230782 | ILLES BALEARS | Baleares | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | E | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR |
| 230987 | ILLES BALEARS | Baleares | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | G | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR |
| 231074 | ILLES BALEARS | Baleares | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | E | E | E |
| 232094 | ILLES BALEARS | Baleares | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | E | E | E |
| 232501 | ILLES BALEARS | Baleares | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | E | E | E |
| 232942 | ILLES BALEARS | Baleares | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | G | F | G |
| 233688 | SANTA CRUZ DE TENERIFE | Canarias | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | G | G | G |
| 231799 | BARCELONA | Cataluña | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | G | F | G |
| 232593 | TARRAGONA | Cataluña | CEE - 100 m2 < Superficie Inmueble < 300 m2 | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR |
| 233648 | BARCELONA | Cataluña | CEE - 100 m2 < Superficie Inmueble < 300 m2 | E | E | E |
| 234080 | BARCELONA | Cataluña | CEE - Superficie Inmueble < 100 m2 | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR |
| 230285 | VALENCIA | Cdad. Valenciana | CEE - 300 m2 < Superfici | | D | E |
| 231989 | BADAJOZ | Extremadura | CEE - Superficie Inmu | | RECIBIR | PTE. RECIBIR |



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